|  |
| --- |
| **Course Syllabus** |
| Course Name | Globalization of the Modern Age - the Economic Aspect |
| Category | Master level |
| Year Taken | Modern Age |
| Offered Major/ Type of Course | All Major / Elective |
| Number of Credits | 2 |
| Number of Classes | 16 |
| Professor | Prof. dr Dalibor Elezović Email : dalibor.elezovic@pr.ac.rs |
| Course Description | Today, contemporary researchers of historical processes study globalization and its impact on society from several aspects. There are opinions in historiography that globalization is not a recent phenomenon, but increased attention to contemporary global interaction also has causal links, which refer to its interpretation. The researchers of this question conclude that today the story about globalization is a representative scientific question, insofar as the question of globalization is current and, in the late 20th and early 21st centuries, it has particularly been interesting how this process developed. According to Stearns, globalization in the literal sense is a “process of transformation of local phenomena into global ones... a process by which the people of the world are unified into a single society and function together.” It is a combination of economic, technological, cultural and political connections, although globalization as a term is often used primarily for economy, the integration of national economies in international economy through trade, foreign direct investments, capital flows, migration, and the expansion of technology. Until the beginning of the 21st century, the concept of globalization became an indispensable element of economic and political discourse. Attempts to describe and explain the process of globalization were taken from the perspective of different scientific disciplines. One of the important aspects of the study of globalization in historical research is the view of the time frame of the beginning of this process, which is closely connected with the understanding of the meaning of the term itself. In this regard, there are two points of view: the broader and the narrower one. He discusses the question of capitalism and, in this context, the relationship of industrialization and globalization, and emphasizes that capitalism is not only an important driving force of globalization, but also the field on which globalization is taking place, although it is still not ubiquitous, and not all national states have lost their significance under its influence. |
| Course Policy | Attendance : Enter the course with password.Netiquette : Refer to the Netiquette Policy in the Student Handbook.Student with special needs : Refer to the Students with Disabilities and Accommodation Policy in the Student Handbook.Academic Honesty : Refer to the Student integrity and Academic Honesty Policy in the Student Handbook.Honor Code : Refer to the Honor Code Policy in the Student Handbook. |
| Course Objective (Goal) | Understand the importance contemporary researchers of historical processes study globalization and its impact on society from several aspects. |
| Learning Outcome | That students learn about the process of globalization, that is, about the economic aspect of globalization in the new century. |
| Course Progression | 1. Read the relevant pages in core textbook2. Listen to audio lecture and gain a better understanding of the core material and lecture notes3. Submit assignment and check degree of acquisition4. Use the Q&A for any queries |
| Course Text | Osterhammel, J. Petersson, N. Geschichte der Globalisierung: Dimensionen, Prozesse. Epochen. München: C. H. Beck, 2003. |
| Course Outline | 1. Read the assigned pages in the textbook before listening to the lecture, and understand the outline on the topic2. Referring to lecture notes3. Submit assignment in each lecture to check the level of your understanding on the topic4. Using the answers to the assignment, review the topic for each lecture |
|

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Lecture | Course Title | Key Points |
| Lecture 1 | The Concept of Globalization1 | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 2 | History of Globalization2 | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 3 | Protoglobalization | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 4 | Globalization of the world economy | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 5 | Globalization and colonialism | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 6 | Globalization and migration processes | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 7 | Globalization and industrialization | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 8 | World advances in science and technology | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 9 | The first phase of globalization | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 10 | Period of the Atlantic Economy | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 11 | Global trade at the end of the 19th century | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 12 | the path to a global crisis | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 13 | Global processes on the eve of World War I | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 14 | Global economy at the beginning of the 20th century | Understand the process of globalization |
| Lecture 15 | Brodel's economics world | Understand the views of globalization process theorists |
| Lecture 16 | Wallerstein's analysis of world systems | Understand the views of globalization process theorists |

 |
| Grade Evaluation and Course Requirement | Number of Assignments: 16 (All 16 assignments are required)There will be no final exam for this course.Grades will be evaluated on the scores of the assignments from grades A to F.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Grade | Score |
| A | 85 - 100 |
| B | 70 - 84 |
| C | 60 - 69 |
| D | 50 - 59 |
| F | 49 and under |

Submission papers will be returned with the evaluation sheet, which states evaluation marking and comments as well as corrections with rubrics.\*Minimum Course Requirement: B or above |